MAX PLUS II TUTORIAL



PASCAL LYONNAIS WINTER 2003

Acknowledgement

This document is a modified part of lab manual and tutorial contained in the following documents:

- Altera MAX PLUS+II Tutorial available on the web from Altera official website.
- Dueck, Robert K., *Digital Design with CPLD Applications and VHDL*, Delmar Thompson Learning.
- James O. Hamblem and Michael D. Furman, *Rapid prototyping of digital systems, A tutorial Approach*, second edition, Kluwer Academic Publisher.

DOCUMENTATION: HOW TO / FAQ with Altera MAX+PLUS II

You can also search the web with your favourite search engine (Google.com recommended).

Q: How can I get training on MAX+PLUS II software?

There is many ways to get trained with MAX+PLUS II. You will find below some documents and links that provided tutorial. Again the Web is full of tutorial.

- This basic tutorial.
- Check the MAX+PLUS II Software help menu and files.
- Altera MAX+PLUS II Getting Started: http://www.altera.com/literature/manual/81_gs.pdf
- Altera MAX+PLUS II Tutorial : <u>http://www.altera.com/literature/manual/81_gs3.pdf</u>
- Altera Feature Textbooks: http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-textbooks.html

Q: Where can I find more Altera literature?

- Altera University program: http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-students.html
- Altera Data and complete literature: http://www.altera.com/literature/lit-index.html
- University Program Design laboratory Package: <u>http://www.altera.com/literature/univ/upds.pdf</u>
- University Program Altera FAQ: <u>http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-faq.html</u> <u>http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-kits.html</u>

<u>http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-index.html</u> and click on **laboratory kits.** <u>http://www.altera.com/literature/univ/upds.pdf</u>

http://www.altera.com/literature/ds/m7000.pdf

Q: How can I install Altera MAX+PLUS II on my PC at home and get a license?

Follow the instruction at: http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-software.html

MAX+PLUS Student Edition Software at:

MAX+PLUS II Student edition software:

https://www.altera.com/support/software/download/altera_design/mp2_student/dnl-student.jsp

After installation, students can register to obtain an authorization code:

http://www.altera.com/support/licensing/lic-university.html

Altera UP-1/2 board documentation:

http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-kits.html http://www.altera.com/education/univ/unv-index.html and click on **laboratory kits.** http://www.altera.com/literature/univ/upds.pdf http://www.altera.com/literature/ds/m7000.pdf

There is a lot of documentation on the web, just do a search to find out more... But don't forget to acknowledge any contributions.

Introduction to MAX+PLUS II Software Design

Objectives

This laboratory experiment is intended:

- To initiate the students who are not familiar with the Altera MAX+PLUS II Software Design.
- To act as a review for the more advance students.



Figure 1 Altera UP1/2 board

On completion of this tutorial, the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic of the Altera environment.
- Design a simple logic circuit using the Graphic editor.
- Compile, simulate, debug, and test their design.
- Download and run their design on the Altera UP1/2 board.

PreLab

1. Read the Altera UP1/2 board documentation and visit the Altera website to familiar yourself with the Altera UP-1/2 board.

Laboratory

In this tutorial, we will implement a simple circuit as shown below with AND, NAND and NOR functions to provide an introduction to the Altera MAX+PLUS II tools.



Figure 2 A simple circuit with AND, NAND and NOR gates

PART I

- A. Design using the Graphic Editor
 - Start MAXPLUS software. Choose File, New, in the new window select Graphic Editor (*.gdf file) and click OK to create a blank schematic worksheet.
 - From the File menu, click Save as, and save the file in a new folder (eg., ..\my
 file\tutorial.gdf) and click OK. If the new folder was not created, just type the complete
 path in the File Name box.
 - 3. In the File menu, select Project, then Set Project to Current File.
 - Then select Assign, Device. In the Device Family, select the MAX7000S device family. Uncheck Show Only Fastest Speed Grades. Under Devices, select EPM7128SLC84-7 and click OK.
 - 5. If a dialog box open up and recommends to turning on the "Maintain Current Synthesis...", just click **No**.

B. Creating the schematic

- Right click in the center of the worksheet, and then choose Enter Symbol. In the Symbol Libraries box, double click on the ...\prim library.
- 2. Scroll down in the **Symbol Files** box and double click on **nor2**. The symbol should appear in the center of the **Graphic Editor**.
- 3. Repeat step 1 and 2 and select a **nand2** symbol.
- 4. Repeat step 1 and 2 again and select an **and2** symbol.

C. Assigning Output and Input pin

- 1. From the toolbar, select **Symbol** \rightarrow **Enter Symbol** and click **Ok**.
- 2. In the **Symbol Libraries** box, double click on the **..\prim** library.
- 3. Scroll down in the **Symbol Files** box and double click on **Output**. The symbol should appear in the center of the Graphic Editor.
- 4. Repeat step 1 and 2 and select an **Input** symbol.
- 5. With the right mouse button copy and paste three more **Input** symbol.

D. Connecting the Symbol

- 1. Go to the end of a symbol with the mouse and when the cross-symbol cursor appears drag the wire to the point it connect, see diagram below for the connection.
- 2. Repeat the previous step for all connection.
- 3. If a wire is not properly run, just selected (wire turns red) and hit delete to remove it.
- 4. If you have problem running the wired from one point completely to another, try running half way from both devices.
- 5. The mouse can also be used to move a wire to the desired position.
- 6. Now, your diagram should look like the one below.



Figure 3 Schematic with input and output wired

E. Editing Pin Names

- 1. Right click on an INPUT Symbol and select Edit Pin Name.
- 2. Name the pin as shown below.
- 3. Double clicking on the pin names will have the same results.
- 4. Repeat for all pins.



Figure 4 Schematic Ports Name

F. Assign PIN Numbers

- 1. Right click on the input symbol A and select Assign \rightarrow Pin/Location/Chip.
- 2. Make sure you the right symbol name is in the Node Name box.
- 3. In Chip Resource, select Pin and enter the Pin number, see table below.
- 4. In the **Pin Type** box, select the required type, see table below.
- 5. Select the Assign Device box and make sure that the device is EPM7128SLC84-7, click OK.
- Click OK in the Pin/Location/Chip box and repeat the previous step for all Inputs/Outputs. See table below for all pins numbers and types.
- 7. Do not forget to save your file.

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Type	Location On the board (use only one)			
A	12	Input	P2 #12	MAX_EXPAN #22		
В	16	Input	P2 #16	MAX_EXPAN #24		
C	18	Input	P2 #18	MAX_EXPAN #26		
D	21	Input	P2 #21	MAX_EXPAN #28		
Y	25	Output	P2 # 25	MAX_EXPAN #30		

Table 1 Device Pin connections and name

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- 2 cmp = 1 utonar, output rm = 23	Change

Figure 5 Pin/Location/Chip window

G. Compiling your project

- 1. Select File \rightarrow Project \rightarrow Save and Compile.
- 2. A similar window should appear.

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3. The project should compile with **0 errors**. If any errors appear verify if you have performed the entire steps correctly.



Figure 7 0 error window

4. Close the compiler window.

PART II

A. Simulating your project

- 1. Select File \rightarrow New \rightarrow Waveform Editor File and click OK.
- 2. From the toolbar, select Node→Enter Nodes from SNF (Simulator Netlist File).
- 3. Click on List.
- 4. Select (highlight) A, B, C, D and Y from Available Nodes & Groups.
- 5. Click on => to have all A, B, C, D, and Y in the Selected Node & Groups.
- 6. Click OK.
- 7. You can drag the Node to have an appropriate order.



Figure 8 Waveform Editor Window

- 8. Right click on A and select **Overwrite** \rightarrow **Count Value** and click **OK**.
- 9. Select View→Time Range, set From and To range to 0.0ns and 500.0ns.
- 10. Right click on **B** and select **Overwrite→Count Value**, change **Multiplied By** to **2** and click **OK**
- With the Mouse left button, click and drag the mouse from 100.0ns to 300.0ns for Node C, This interval would then be highlighted.
- 12. Go to waveform manipulation buttons and select 1 for the desire interval.
- 13. Repeat step 11 and 12 for Node D and referred below to reproduce the same interval as the example.
- 14. Go to File menu and select Save.
- 15. Save option would automatically select filename to be the same as the project name, click **OK**.
- 16. Go to MAX+PLUS II menu and select Simulator.
- 17. Click Start when the simulator dialog box appears.
- 18. Once simulation is done, the finish dialog box would appear. Click OK.
- 19. Click Open SCF to see the simulation result.
- 20. Simulate different scenario and explain the simulation result.

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Figure 9 Simulation example



PART III

A. Downloading your project to the UP1/2 board

- 1. Make sure the **Byteblaster** cable is attach to the board and to the parallel port on the PC.
- Verify that the board is properly powered using a 9V DC transformer and is attach to the DC IN located on the corner on the UP1/2 board.
- 3. Verify the jumper setting, see appendix for more information.
- 4. Select MAX+PLUS II → Programmer.
- From Option→ Hardware Setup, in the Hardware Type box, select
 Byteblaster(MV) and click OK.
- 6. Select JTAG→ Multi-Device JTAG chain Setup.
- 7. Click **Select Programming File** and select **tutorial.pof** file and click **OK** (sof files are for FLEX devices).
- 8. Click Add in the Multi-Device JTAG Chain Setup window.
- 9. Click on **Detect JTAG Chain Info** button. You should get a confirmation hardware check window. If not, verify if you have performed the entire step correctly.
- 10. Click **OK** to exit the **JTAG Setup** window.
- 11. In the Programmer window, click on Program.
- 12. Click **OK** when the **Configuration complete** box appears.

PART VI

A. Connecting wire to the UP1/2 board

- 1. Connect the output of the circuit to the LED. Locate the output hole and connect a wire to a LED (see table 1).
- 2. Connect the input of the circuit to the DIP switch. Locate the inputs holes and connect four wires to one of the two DIP switches (see table 1).
- 3. Verify your circuit according to the simulation using the DIP switch as input and the LED as output. Remember that the LED illuminate when the input is 0.

PART V

Repeat the previous step with the following circuit.



Figure 10 Schematic of new circuit

Now that you are comfortable, do the following:

- 1. Verify the truth table of the circuit.
- 2. Verify you circuit according to your simulation.