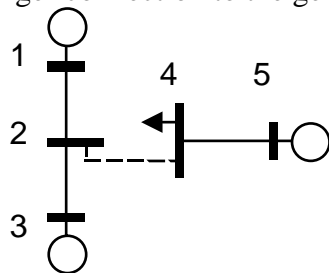


ELG4125: Electric Power Transmission, Distribution, and Utilization

Quiz 2

1. Short-circuit capacity and interconnection

Interconnecting systems has effect on both frequency control and voltage control. When a load center grows, for example because a city is expanding, it is necessary to create a stronger connection to the generating area or areas.



p.u. impedances @ 100MVA

Line 1-2: $j0.1$ G1 X_1 : 0.15

Line 2-3: $j0.2$ G3 X_1 : 0.1

Line 4-5: $j0.15$ G5 X_1 : 0.25

- The system to the right is considered weak at bus 4 (connected only to bus 5) as voltage is often outside the required range 1 ± 0.05 p.u. Determine the short-circuit capacity in MVA at the bus assuming nominal no-load voltage 1 p.u.
- Determine the p.u. voltage magnitude at bus 4 when a load drawing a 1 p.u. current with power factor 1 is connected there. Assume no other loads, no-load voltage 1 p.u. and that load current does not depend on voltage.
- To improve the situation buses 2 and 4 are connected by a line with series impedance $j0.1$ p.u. as indicated by the dashed line. Repeat a) for the interconnected system.
- Repeat b) for the interconnected system. Voltages at G1 and G3 are 1 p.u.

2. Short-circuit capacity and reactive shunt compensation

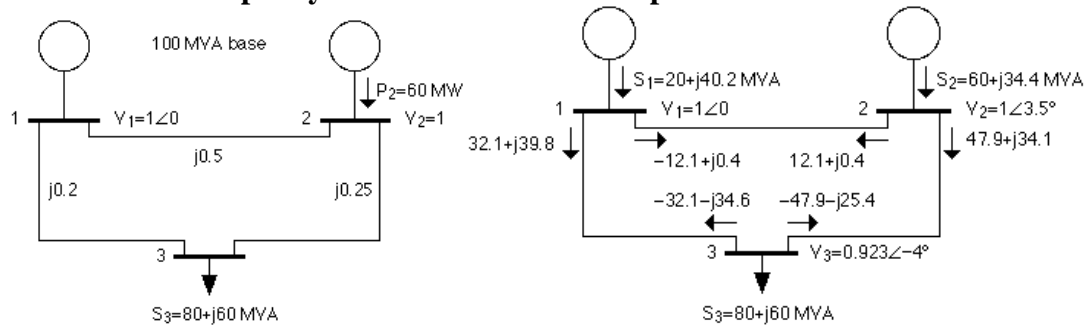


Figure 1 Three-bus power system used for load flow calculations (left) and load flow solution (right). Voltages and line impedances are in per unit.

- Determine the short-circuit capacity in MVA at bus 3 of the system in Figure 1. To simplify you can neglect the load at this bus.
- A shunt capacitor of 50 Mvar is added to bus 3 where the load is $80 + j60 \text{ MVA}$. This will change the voltage from the value shown in Figure 1. The voltage sensitivity to reactive power ($\partial V / \partial Q$) gives an estimate of how much the voltage will change when the reactive power load is changed. This sensitivity can be approximated:

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial Q} = \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial V} \right)^{-1} \approx -\frac{1}{S_{sc}(\text{p.u.})}$$

Estimate the voltage at bus 3 with the 50 Mvar capacitor added using this expression.